

Nº 2298.50



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AN
HISTORICAL ATLAS

CONTAINING A CHRONOLOGICAL SERIES OF

ONE HUNDRED MAPS,

At Successive Periods, from the Dawn of History to the Present Day.

BY

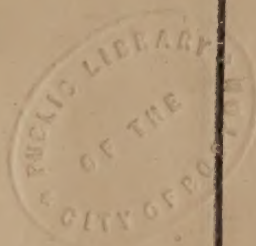
ROBERT H. LABBERTON.



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PREFACE.

EVERY student of History finds an Historical Atlas indispensable to his pursuits. The advantages derived from such a work are at present fully admitted. It is acknowledged, without exception, that without its aid History can neither be thoroughly taught nor perfectly understood.

All teachers of History have long felt the want of a collection of maps, *exhibiting at a glance the successive changes in the distribu-*

tion of States with their attendant alterations of frontier; in other words, of A TRULY PICTORIAL HISTORY.

The object of this work is to supply this long-felt deficiency, by offering to teachers and students *a connected Series of Maps, prepared expressly to illustrate the leading events of History* FROM THE EARLIEST AGES TO THE PRESENT TIME.

ROBERT H. LABBERTON.

PHILADELPHIA, July, 1871.

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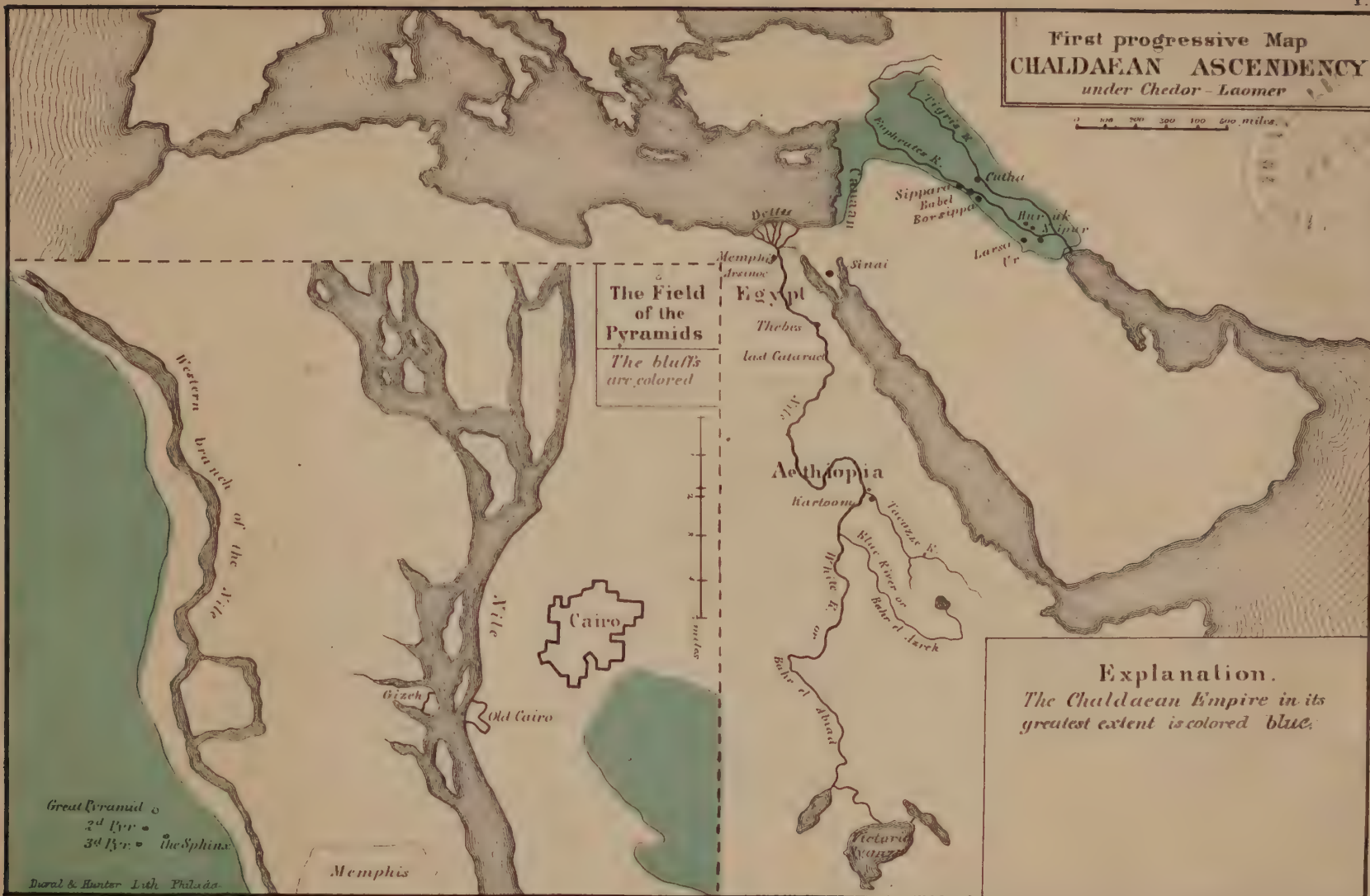
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A satrapy of the Persian Empire since 508 B. C.	11	Venice. The Venetian dominion about 1400 A.D. (<i>The Morea, although in reality Venetian, was generally considered a province of the Byzantine Empire. This is indicated by giving it the same color as Venice on Map 67, but green on Map 68.</i>)	67	Dukes of Bavaria and Count-Palatines since 1215	67
A Roman province since 47 A. D.....	43	The Venetian dominion about 1515 A. D.....	79	Dukes of Bavaria and Elector-Palatines since 1270	67
Tripolis, (Christian kingdom of, in 1162).....	59	The Venetian dominion about 1550 A. D.....	78	The elder branch Elector-Palatines (1294-1799)	77, 82
Troy, (The Field of).....	14	The Venetian dom. during the 17th century...80, 81		The younger branch Dukes of Bavaria since 1294	78, 82
		The Venetian dom. during the 18th century ...82, 85		The younger branch Electors of Bavaria (1623-1777)	80, 82
				Union of all the Wittelsbach territories in 1799 (<i>Under Max Josef representing the elder branch</i>)	87
				Kings of Bavaria since 1805.....	91
				Kings of Bavaria and the Palatinate since 1816	94
				Kings of Bavaria and the Palatinate since 1866	97
				Prussian vassal-kings since 1871.....	99

First progressive Map
CHALDAEAN ASCENDENCY
under Chedor - Laomer



Explanation.

*The Chaldaean Empire in its
greatest extent is colored blue.*

Doral & Hunter Lith Philad.

3
 Second progressive Map
EGYPTIAN ASCENDENCY
 under *Rameses II.*

100 200 300 400 500 600 Miles



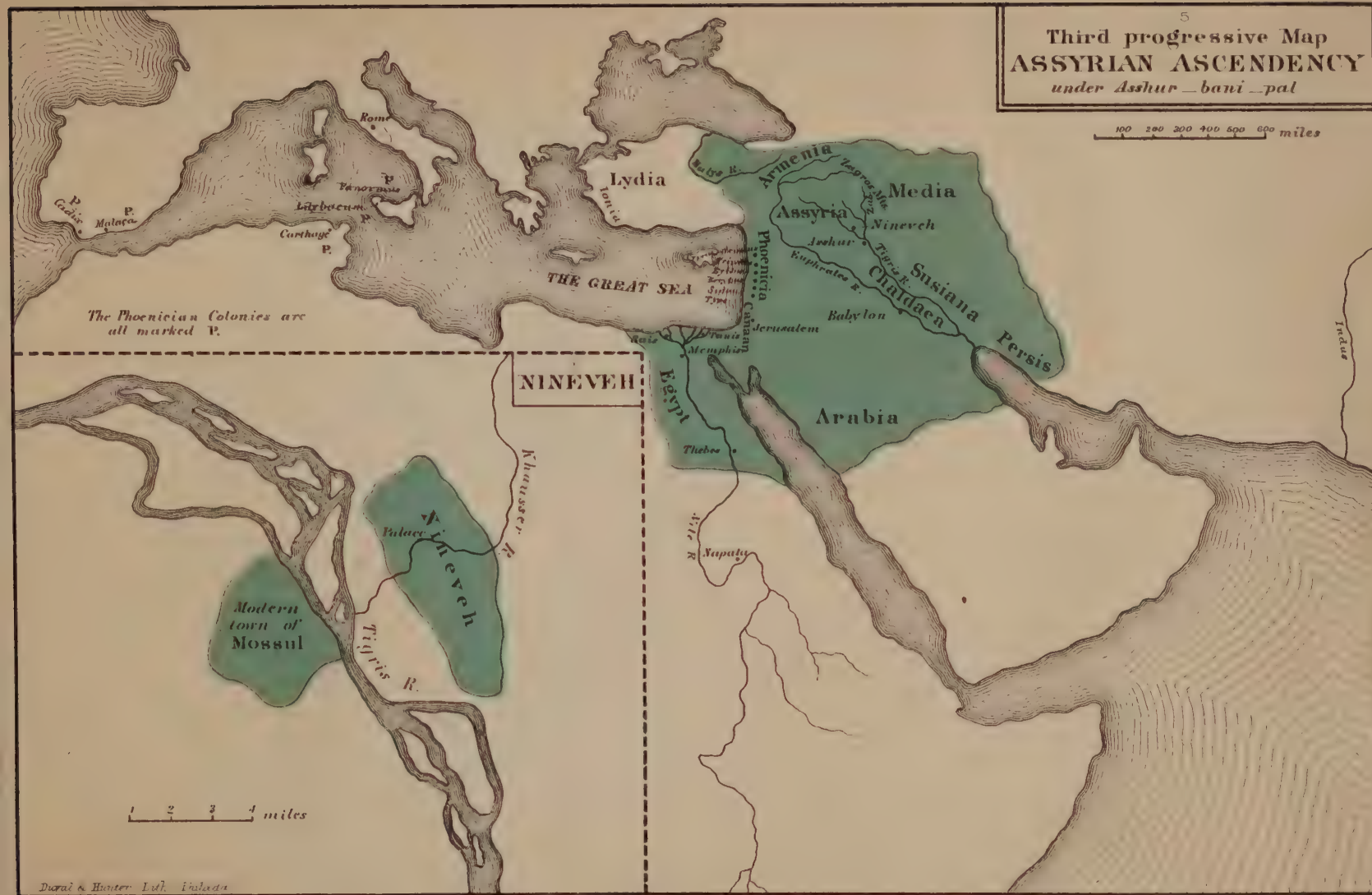
Third progressive Map
ASSYRIAN ASCENDENCY
under Asshur-bani-pal

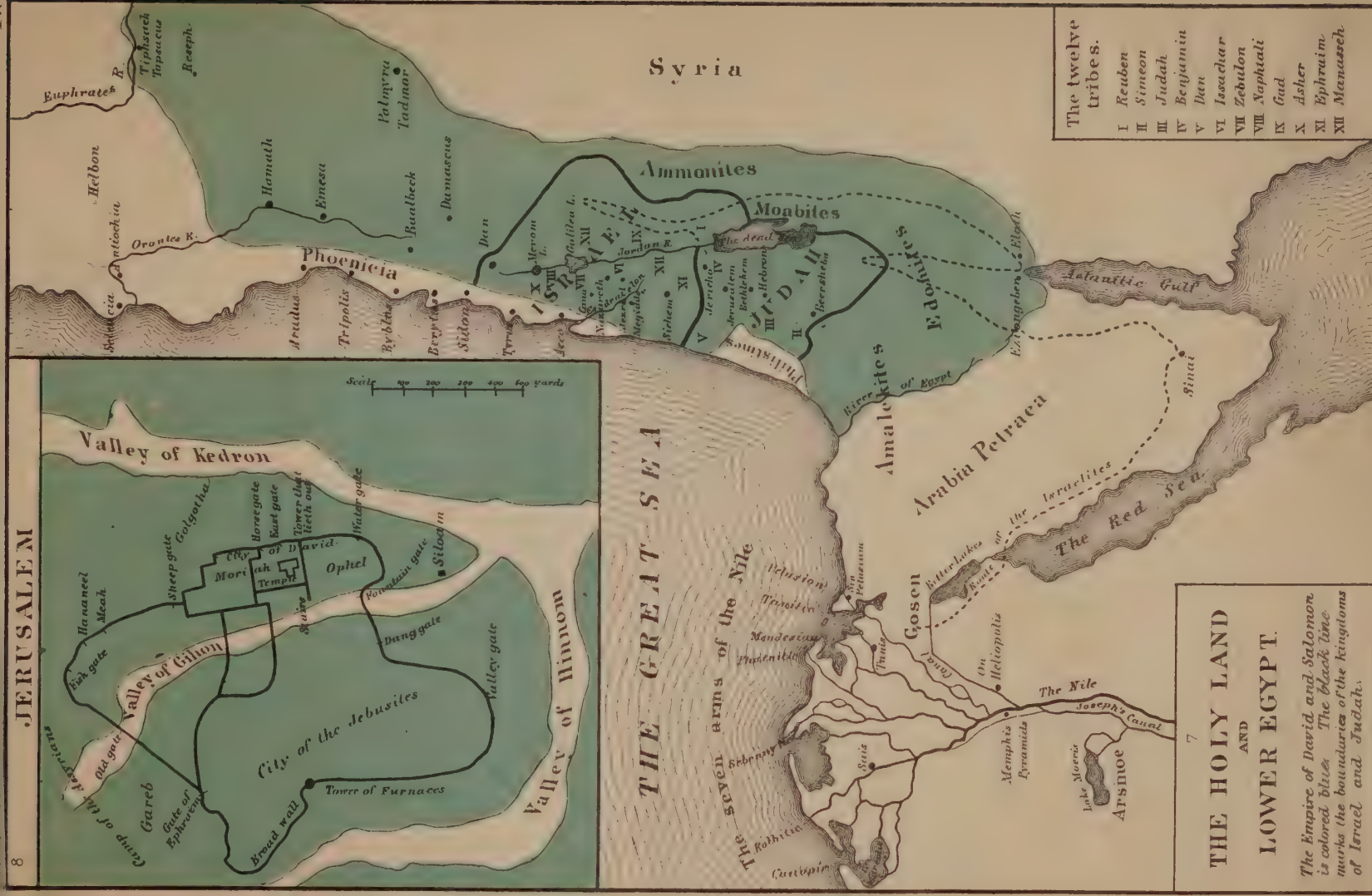
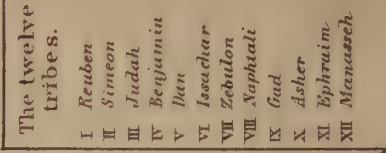
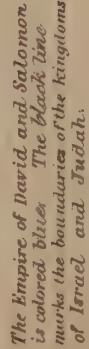
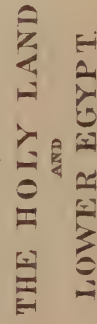
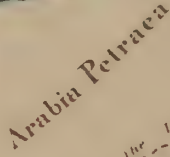
100 200 300 400 500 600 miles

The Phoenician Colonies are
 all marked P.

NINEVEH

1 2 3 4 miles

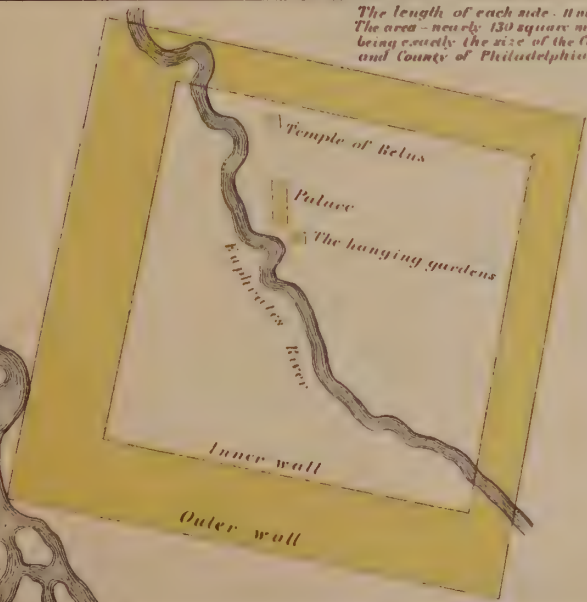




100 200 300 400 500 600 700 miles



The length of each side . 11 miles
The area - nearly 130 square miles
being exactly the size of the City
and County of Philadelphia







HELLAS and PELOPONNESUS



Sixth progressive Map
HELLENIC ASCENDENCY
300 B. C.

The Empire of Alexander the great and its divisions

100 200 300 400 500



Daniel & Hunter Lith. Philadelphia



ITALY.

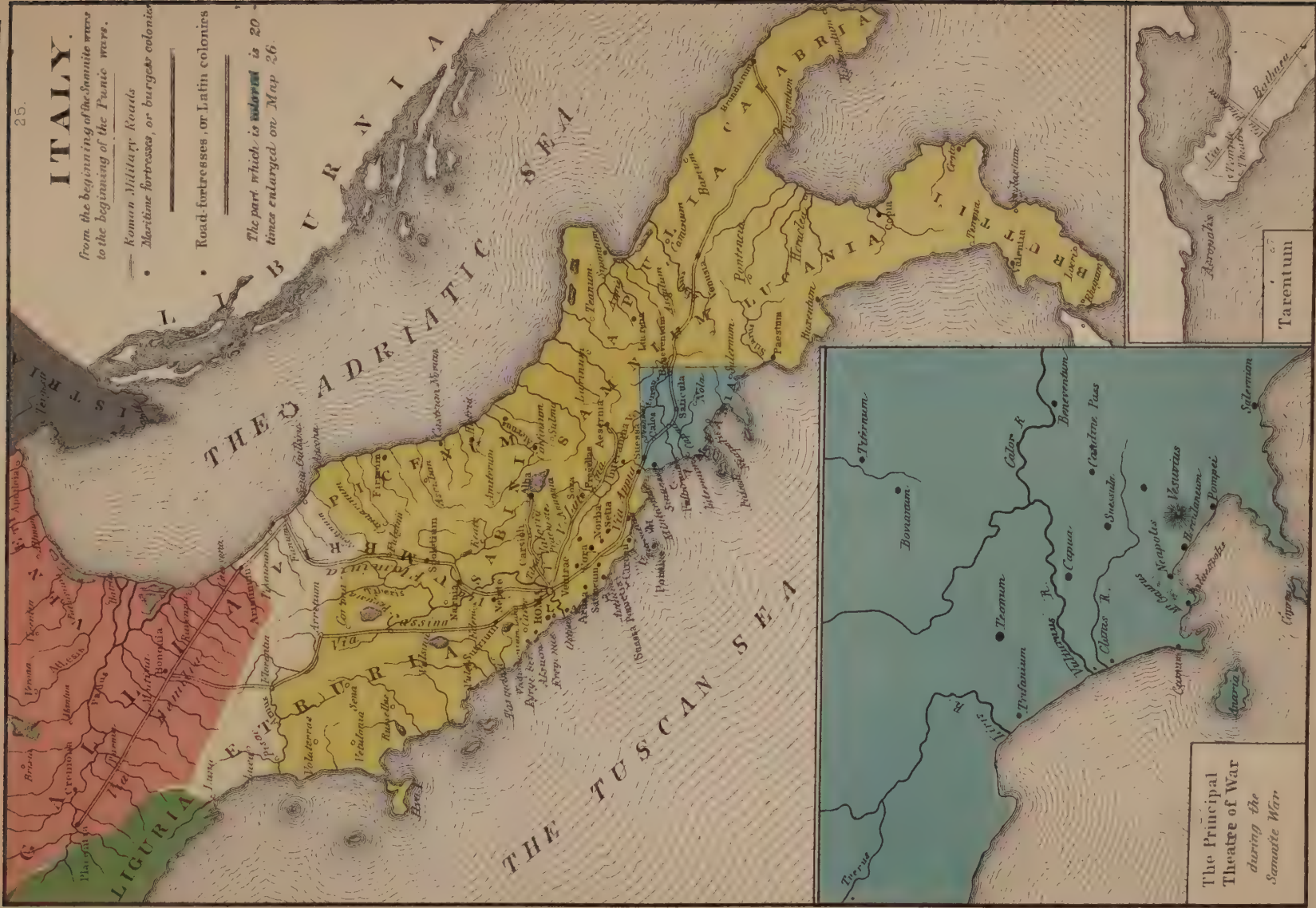
from the beginning of the Samnite wars to the beginning of the Punic wars.

Roman Military Roads

Maritime fortresses, or burgess colonies

Road-fortresses, or Latin colonies

The part which is shaded is 20 times enlarged on Map 26.



The Principal Theatre of War during the Samnite War

Tarentum





The Eastern half of the
MEDITERRANEAN SEA
*during the two centuries preceding the
birth of Christ*

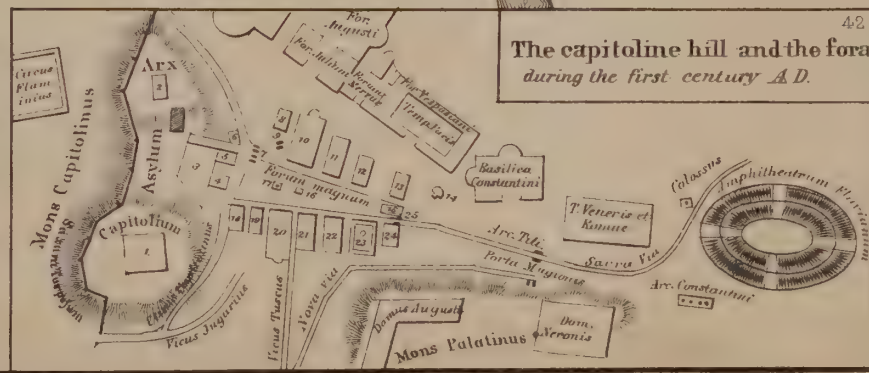


Seventh progressive Map THE ROMAN ASCENDENCY during the first Century A.D.

The Roman Empire is colored yellow.



ROME



Explanation of the numbers on Map 42

- | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 Temple of Jupiter | 14 Aedes Pontium |
| 2 " " Juno | 15 Aedes Iulii |
| 3 Aerarium | 16 Domitian's horse |
| 4 Temple of Saturn | 17 The column of Phocas |
| 5 " " Concord | 18 T. of Vespasian |
| 6 Tullianum | 19 Crucostasis |
| 7 The arch of Severus | 20 Julius' basilica |
| 8 The Senate Hall | 21 Aedes Castoris |
| 9 Temple of Janus | 22 T. of Minerva |
| 10 Fabian basilica | 23 Aedes Vestae |
| 11 Porcian basilica | 24 Regia |
| 12 Temple of felicity | 25 Fabian's gate |
| 13 " " Faustina | |

Division & Subdivision of the
ROMAN EMPIRE
since 395 A.D.

The Greek Empire is colored yellow.
The Latin Empire is colored blue.
The black lines divide the dioceses.



EUROPE AND WESTERN ASIA

about 500 A.D.



THE EMPIRE OF THE FRANKS
under Clovis in 507 A.D.



The division of the
FRANKISH EMPIRE
in 567 A.D.



52

Eighth progressive map
ARABIC ASCENDENCY
under Caliph Walid I.

100 300 500 Engl. Ms.



53

DAMASCUS

The capital of the
Ommiaded
Caliphs.

100 200 300 1000
yards

Explanation of colors

The Christian world is colored yellow
The Heathen world is colored green
The Mohammedan world is colored blue.

Durand & Hunter Lith. Philad'a



The BRITISH ISLANDS during the Saxon period.

0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 180 190 200 210 220 230 240 250 260 270 280 290 300 310 320 330 340 350 360 370 380 390 400 410 420 430 440 450 460 470 480 490 500 510 520 530 540 550 560 570 580 590 600 610 620 630 640 650 660 670 680 690 700 710 720 730 740 750 760 770 780 790 800 810 820 830 840 850 860 870 880 890 900 910 920 930 940 950 960 970 980 990 1000



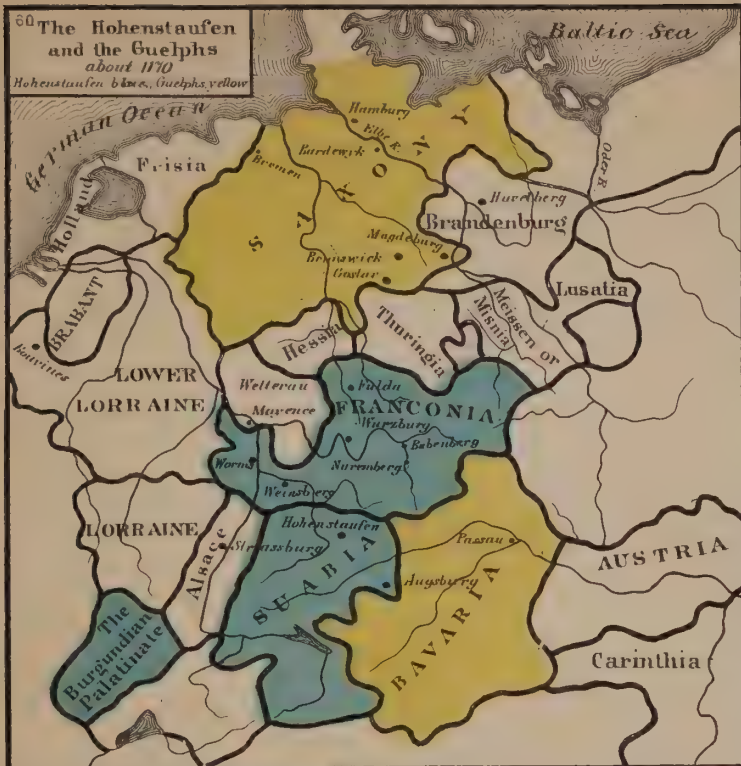
The Empire of
OTTO THE GREAT
divided into Duchies
962 A.D.

The German Empire . . . col. blue
Byzantine Empire . . . yellow
Mohammedan States . . . green





60 The Hohenstaufen
and the Guelphs
about 1170
Hohenstaufen, black; Guelphs, yellow



The Northern & Southern
parts of France to
illustrate the
Crusade against the
Albigenses



The Latin Empire
and the Christian states
in the East in 1204.
Venetian
possessions
green.



Remains
of the
Kingdom of
Jerusalem
in 1204



WESTERN EUROPE

about 1400 A.D.

English dominion blue lines

Aquitaine & ord fines

French dominion red.

Angevin dominion. III

Aragonese dominion brown.

Luxemburg possessions blue

Habsburg possessions purple

The names of the seven electorates are underlined.

The principal *Duchies* in Germany
are written in Caps.



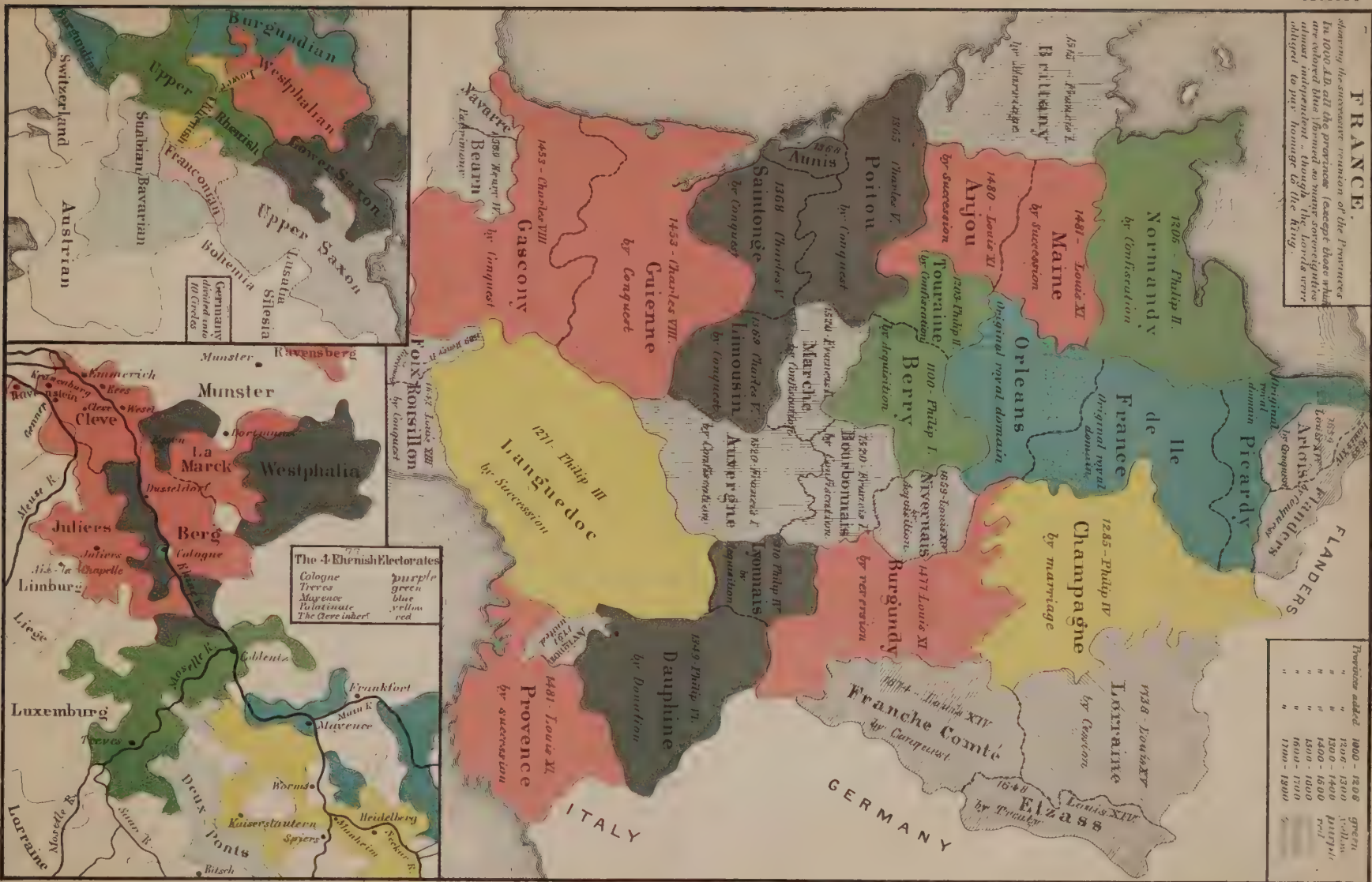






FRANCE.

showing the approximate situation of the Provinces in 1000. All the provinces (except those which are colored blue) formed no united sovereignty, but were obliged to pay homage to the king.



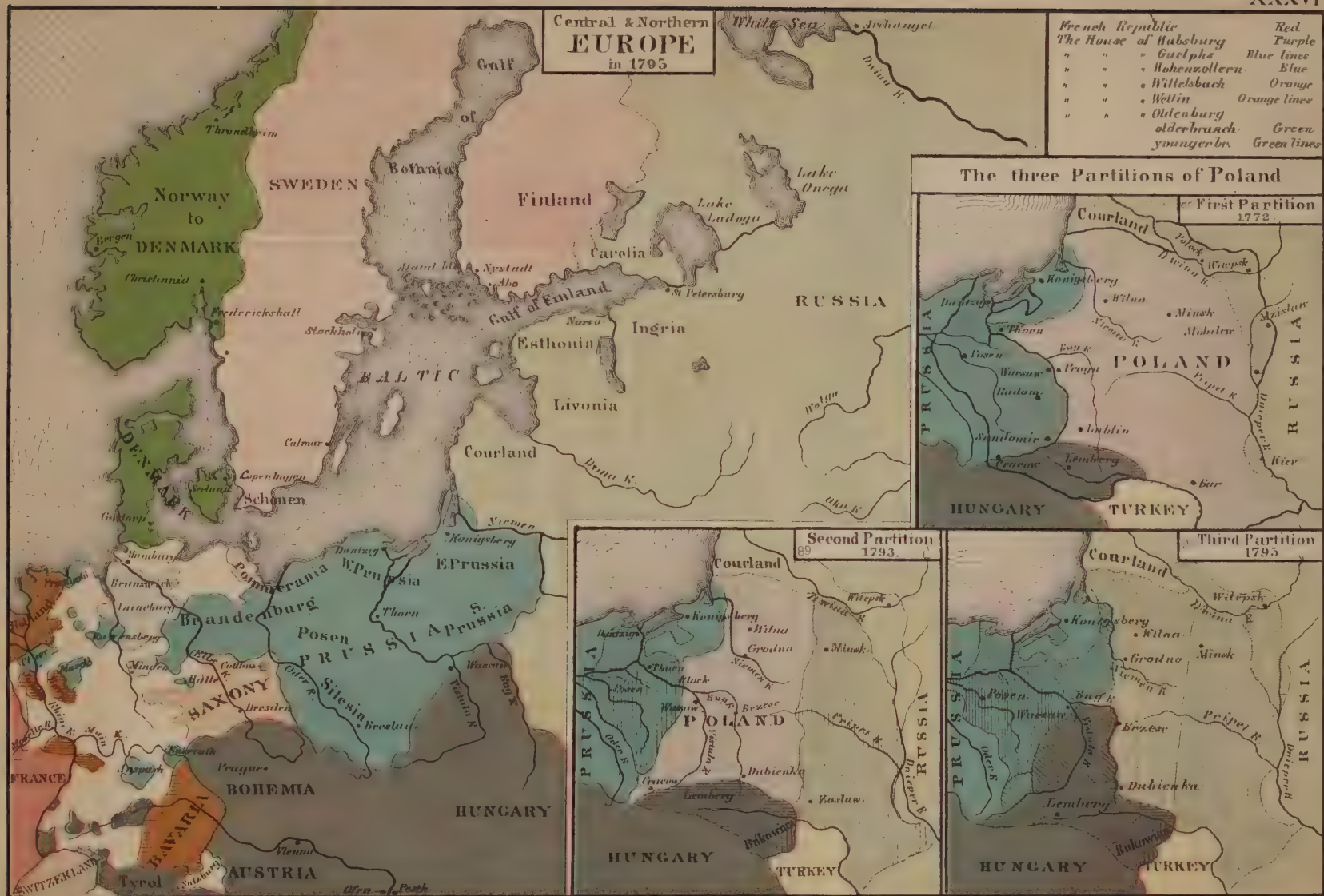
EUROPE

in 1648

Peace of Westphalia



Central & Northern EUROPE in 1795





97
EUROPE IN 1866

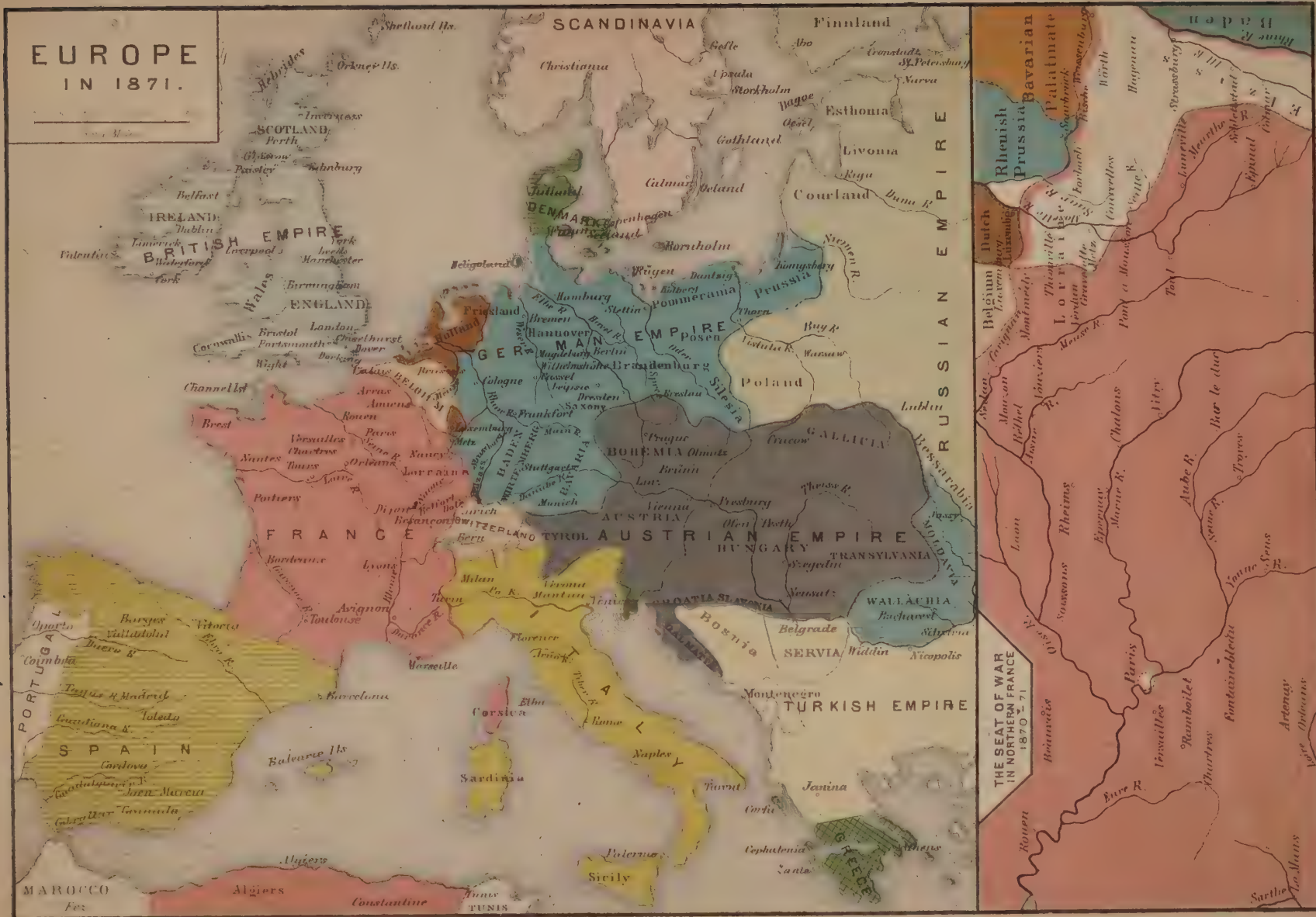
Peace of Prague.

France Red
Spanish Bourbons
Habsburg Purple
Guelphs Blue lines
Hohenzollern Blue
Wallachian
Hohenzollern
Saxony yellow

The German Confederacy
1815-1866
On the same Scale
as M. 97



EUROPE IN 1871.



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